ĐỀ THI TUYỂN SINH PTTH Quốc Gia NĂM 2015 MÔN THI: ANH VẶN

Thời gian làm bài: 90 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề Mã đề thi: 194

		n your answer sneet to		se unaerune _l	part aiffers from the
-		each of the following o	_	_	
Question 1:	A. deal	B. teach	C brea		D. clean
Question 2:	(A) supported	B. teach B. approached	C. notic	ed	D. finished
Mark the letter	r A, B, C or D or	n your answer sheet to i	indicate the word that	differs from t	he other three in the
position of prin	mary stress in ea	ch of the following que	stions.		
Question 3:	A. recipe	B. candidate	C. instrument	(D.)com	nmitment
Question 4:	A. conceal	B. contain	C. cons	serve	(D) conquer
Question 5 :	A. advantageou	B. contain B. oceanic	C.com	pulsory	D. influential
Mark the lette	r A B C or D	on your answer sheet t	to indicate the correct	t answer to ei	ach of the following
questions.	. 11, 2, 6 0. 2	on your answer siecer.			ien of the joins wing
-	he receptionist.	answered the pl	hone, told me that the o	lirector was ou	ıt.
	-	_	C who		D. that
		re been made in ou	r primary schooling	program. A	
	do home		1 , .	1 0	, ,
			C. couldn't		D. haven't
		sman promised to excha	inge the defective CD	player for a ne	ew one, they insisted
on getting a ref		•		-	·
		B Although			D. But
	he headmaster h	as decided that three lect	ture halls in	our school nex	kt semester
A. will build	d	B will be built	C. are being bu	ıilt	D. will be
building					
		S (Middle East Respirat			se contact with sick
people, not thro	ough the air, mar	ny people still avoid	to crowded place	es.	
A. to go	G. 1	B. having gone	C. gone		Dgoing
		be allowed into the exa			
A. produced		B. hadn't produced			
	A large number of	of inventions and discov			D by
A. at	When ested ab	B. on out their preference for		noonlo cov the	
sciend		out their preference for	movies, many young	people say ill	at they are in favour
		R for	\bigcirc of		D. with
Ouestion 14:	A molecule of w	B. for ater is of two	atoms of hydrogen and	1 one atom of o	oxvoen
(A.)compose	d	B. created	C. included	i one atom or v	D. consisted
		thejewelry bo		her as a birtho	
Anice brow		B. brown wooden nice			D. wooden
	Global warming	will result crop	failures and famine		
A. of	Cloud walling	B. to	in		D. from
	John has finally	found a new job after be		onths.	D. HOIII
A. out of ore	•	B. out of mind	Cout of work		D. out of reach
		h Vien performed so w	vell in the 28 th Sea Ga	mes women's	
	als could				y
(A.)catch up		B. look up to	C. come up to		D. put up with

Question 19: After the new technique had been introduced	d, the factory produced	cars in 2014 as the
year before.		
A. twice many as B. as twice many Overtion 20 a It is		D twice as many
Question 20: It is of businessmen to shake hands a A. familiar B typical	C. ordinary	D. common
Question 21: Such characters as fairies or witches in Walt I		
(A)imaginary B imagining	C. imaginative	D. imaginable
Question 22: at school yesterday when we were inf	formed that there was no clas	s due to a sudden power
cut.		
A. We had arrived hardly	B. We have hardly arrived	d
C. Hardly we had arrived	D Hardly had we arrived	
Question 23: Mike and Lane are university students. The		s upcoming high-school
reunion. Select the most suitable response to fill in the blank		
Mike: "So, you have your fifth high-school reunion com	ing up?"	
Lane	D. The feed of the many in	
A. Oh, the school reunion was wonderful.	B. The food at the reunion D. No. You're in no mood	n was excellent.
Question 24: Ken and Tom are high-school students. The Select the most suitable response to fill in the blank.	y are discussing where then	study group will meet.
Ken: "Where in our study group going to meet next weel	zend?"	
Tom: "	cond:	
A. We are too busy on weekdays.	B The library would be b	oest.
C. Why don't you look at the atlas?	D. Studying in a group is	
Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to i		
underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.		9
Question 25: When Susan invited us to dinner, she rea		y talents. She prepared a
feast – a huge selection of dishes that were simply mou		- 1 1
		ions and diseases
A. concerning nutrition and health C. relating to medical knowledge	having to do with food and	d cooking
Question 26: Suddenly, it began to rain heavily, so all	the summer hikers got dre	nched all over.
A. very tired B. refreshed C	completely wet $\overline{\Gamma}$	D. cleansed
Question 27: "It's no use talking to me about metaphys		
A. an object that I really love	B. a book that is never op	
	D. a theme that I like to d	
9		
Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to i	ndicate the underlined pa	rt that needs correction
in each of the following questions.	P	
Question 28: It is common knowledge that solar heating	g for a large office buildin	g is technically different
A	B	C
from a single-family home.		-
Question 29: The number of homeless people in Nepal	have increased sharply du	ue to the recent
A	(B)	C
severe earthquake.		
D		
Question 30: All the <u>candidates</u> for the <u>scholarship</u> wil	l he equally treated regardi	ing of their age sex
A B		or then age, sex,
or <u>nationality</u> .	•	
D		
Question 31: Since poaching is becoming more serious	aly the government has im	mosed stricter laws
A A B	<u>,,</u> , are 50 vermment has hi	Posed <u>sureter raws</u>
to prevent it.		Č
p 		

D Question 32: Reminding not to miss		e manager set out <u>for</u> the st	ation <u>in a hurry</u> .
A	В	С	D
Read the following passage and ma correct word or phrase that best fits of			er sheet to indicate the
Library is a collection of books	•	•	available to people for
reading, study, or reference. The wor			
, library collections have alm	•		
maintain collections that include not	•	•	
magazines, (35) audio-visi		-	
collections within library buildings, n			
users with access to information at rei			1
The central mission of a libray (collect, organize, preserve,	, and provide access to
knowledge and information. In fulfill			
can be passed down to (38)	generations. Lib	raries are an essential link	in this communication
between the past, present, and future			
formats, libraries ensure (39) the record is preserved and made available for later use.			
People use library resources to ga			
materials such as films and novels. Students use libraries to supplement and enhance their classroom			
experiences, to learn (41) in locating sources of information, and to develop good reading and			
study habits. Public officials use libra			
valued of all cultural institutions, the	library (42)	information and servi	ces that are essential to
learning and progress.		_	_
Question 33: (A) from	B. in	C. to	D. out
Question 34: A. Despite	B However	C. Therefore	D. Instead
Question 35: A. Only if	B. as well	C. or else	but also
Question 36: A. on	Bto	C. in	D. from
Question 37: A. are	B)is	C. have	D. has
Question 38: (A) succeeding	B. succeed B. which	C. successful C. who	D. success that
Question 39: A. what Question 40: A. profits	B. attractions	C. who interests	D. appeals
Question 40: A. profits Question 41: A. abilities	B skills	C. talents	D. appears D. capacities
Question 42: A. relates	B. applies	C supplies	D. digests
Question 72. 11. Telates	D. applies	Supplies	D. digests
Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your	answer sheet to i	ndicate the word(s) OPPO	SITE in meaning to
the and ordined word (a) in each of the		, ,	oiii meaning to

the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 43: "Don't be such a pessimist. I'm sure you'll soon get over it. Cheer up!"

A. activist B. feminist C optimist D. hobbyist

Question 44: "Be quick! We must speed up if we don't want to miss the flight."

A. turn down B. look up (C) slow down

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 45 to 54.

D. put forward

Plants and animals will find it difficult to escape from or adjust to the effects of global warming. Scientist have already observed shifts in the lifecycles of many plants and animals, such as flowers blooming earlier and birds hatching earlier in the spring. Many species have begun shifting where they live or their annual migration patterns due to warmer temperatures.

With further warming, animals will tend to migrate toward the poles and up mountainsides toward higher elevations. Plants will also attempt to shift their ranges, seeking new areas as old habitats grow

too warm. In many places, however, human development will prevent these shifts. Species that find cities or farmland blocking their way north or south may become extinct. Species living in unique ecosystems, such as **those** found in polar and mountaintop regions, are especially at risk because migration to new habitats is not possible. For example, polar bears and marine mammals in the Arctic are already threatened by **dwindling sea ice** but have nowhere farther north to go.

Projecting species extinction due to global warming is extremely difficult. Some scientists have estimated that 20 to 50 percent of species could be committed to extinction with 2 to 3 Celsius degrees of further warming. The rate of warming, not just the magnitude, is extremely important for plants and animals. Some species and even entire ecosystems, such as certain types of forest, may not be able to adjust quickly enough and may disappear.

Ocean ecosystems, especially **fragile** ones like coral reefs, will also be affected by global warming. Warmer ocean temperatures can cause coral to "bleach", a state which if prolonged will lead to the death of the coral. Scientists estimate that even 1 Celsius degree of additional warming could lead to widespread bleaching and death of coral reefs around the world. Also, increasing carbon dioxide in the atmosphere enters the ocean and increases the acidity of ocean waters. This acidification further stresses ocean ecosystems.

stresses ocean ecosystems. From "Global Warming" by Michael Mastrandrea and Stephen H. Schneider Question 45: Scientists have observed that warmer temperatures in the spring cause flower to _ A. die instantly (B) bloom earlier C. become lighter D. lose color **Question 46:** According to paragraph 2, when their habitats grow warmer, animals tend to move A . south-eastwards and down mountainsides toward lower elevations. B. north-westwards and up mountainsides toward higher elevations. C. toward the North Pole and down mountainsides toward lower elevations. (D) toward the poles and up mountainsides toward higher elevations. **Question 47:** The pronoun "those" in paragraph 2 refers to C. habitats (A) species B. ecosystems D. areas Question 48: The phrase "dwindling sea ice" in paragraph 2 refers to A. the frozen water in the Arctic B. the violent Arctic Ocean. (C.) the melting ice in the Arctic D. the cold ice in the Arctic. Question 49: It is mentioned in the passage that if the global temperature rose by 2 or 3 Celsius degrees, A. half of the earth's surface would be flooded. B. the sea level would rise by 20 centimeters. C. water supply would decrease by 50 percent (D) 20 to 50 percent of species could become extinct. Question 50: According to the passage, if some species are not able to adjust quickly to warmer temperatures, (A) they may be endangered B. they can begin to develop. C. they will certainly need water D. they move to tropical forests. **Question 51:** The word "fragile" in paragraph 4 most probably means B easily damaged A. very large C rather strong D. pretty hard Question 52: The bleaching of coral reefs as mentioned in paragraph 4 indicates _ A. the water absorption of coral reefs B. the quick growth of marine mammals. C. the blooming phase of sea weeds (D) the slow death of coral reefs. Question 53: The level of acidity in the ocean is increased by_ (A) the rising amount of carbon dioxide entering the ocean B. the decrease of acidity of the pole waters C. the extinction of species in coastal areas. D. the loss of acidity in the atmosphere around the earth **Ouestion 54:** What does the passage mainly discuss? A. Influence of climate changes on human lifestyles. (B.) Effects of global warming on animals and plants C. Global warming and possible solutions D. Global warming and species migration

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 55 to 64.

Overpopulation, the situation of having large numbers of people with too few resources and too little space, is closely associated with poverty. It can result from high population density, or from low amounts of resources, or from both. Excessively high population densities put stress on available resources. Only a certain number of people can be supported on a given area of land, and **that number** depends on how much food and other resources the land can provide. In countries where people live primarily by means of simple farming, gardening, herding, hunting, and gathering, even large areas of land can support only small numbers of people because these labor – intensive subsistence activities produce only small amounts of food.

In developed countries such as the United States, Japan, and the countries of Western Europe, overpopulation generally is not considered a major cause of poverty. These countries produce large quantities of food through mechanized farming, which depends on commercial fertilizers, large – scale irrigation, and agricultural machinery. This form of production provides enough food to support the high densities of people in metropolitan areas.

A country's level of poverty can depend greatly on its mix of population density and agricultural productivity. Bangladesh, for example, has one of the world's highest population densities, with 1,147persons per sq km. A large majority of the people of Bangladesh **engage in** low – productivity manual farming, which contributes to the country's extremely high level of poverty. Some of the smaller countries in Western Europe, such as the Netherlands and Belgium, have high population densities as well. These countries practice mechanized farming and are involved in high – tech industries, however, and therefore have high standards of living.

At the other end of the spectrum, many countries in sub – Saharan Africa have population densities of less than 30 persons per sq km. Many people in these countries practice manual subsistence farming; these countries also have **infertile** land, and lack the economic resources and technology to boost productivity. As a consequence, these nations are very poor. The United States has both relatively low population density and high agricultural productivity; it is one of the world's wealthiest nations.

High birth rates contribute to overpopulation in many developing countries. Children are assets to many poor families because the provide labor, usually for farming. Cultural norms in traditionally rural societies commonly sanction the value of large families. Also, the governments of developing countries often provide little or no support, financial or political, for family planning; even people who wish to keep their families small have difficulty doing so. For all these reasons, developing countries tend to have high rates of population growth.

Question 55: Which of the following	ng is given a definition in p	oaragraph 1?		
(A) Overpopulation	B. Population density	C. Simple farming	D. Poverty	
Question 56: What will suffer when	n there are excessively high	h population densities?		
A Available resources	B. Skilled labor	C. Farming methods	D. Land area	
Question 57: The phrase "that num	nber" in paragraph 1 refers	s to the number of	•	
(A) people	B. densities	C. resources	D.countries	
Question 58: In certain countries, large areas of land can only yield small amounts of food becaus				
A there is lack of mechanization	n	B. there are small num	bers of laborers	
C. there is an abundance of resources		D. there is no shortage of skilled labor		
Question 59: Bangladesh is a count	try where the level of pove	rty depends greatly on _	·	
A. its population density only				
B both population density and a	agricultural productivity			
C. population density in metrope	olitan areas			
D. its high agricultural productive	vity			

Question 60: The phrase "engage in"	in paragraph 3 is	closest in meanir	ng to
A. escape from	B. look into	C. give u	p (D) participate in
Question 61: The word "infertile" in p	paragraph 4 proba	bly means	<u> </u>
A. disused B. imposs	ible 🗘	unproductive	D. inaccessible
Question 62: Which of the following	is TRUE, accordi	ng to the passage	?
(A) In certain developed countries, med	hanized farming	is applied.	
B. In sub-Saharan African countries, p	roductivity is boo	osted by technolog	gy.
C. There is no connection between a c	ountry's culture a	nd overpopulation	n.
D. All small countries in Western Euro	ope have high por	pulation densities.	
Question 63: Which of the following	is a contributor to	overpopulation i	in many developing countries
A. High-tech facilities	B. Econom	nic resources	
C. Sufficient financial support	(D) High bi	rth rate	
Question 64: Which of the following	could be the best	title for the passa	ge?
A. High Birth Rate and its Consequence	ces B	Overpopulation: A	A Cause of Poverty
C. Overpopulation: A Worldwide Prob	olem D.	Poverty in Develo	oping Countries

SECTION B (2 points)

I. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means the same as the sentence printed before it. Write your answers on your answer sheet.

Question 1: If John does not change his working style, he will be sacked soon.

Unless John changes his working style, he will be sacked soon.

Question 2: "Would you like to come to my 18th birthday party?" he asked me.

He invited me to come to his 18th birthday party.

Question 3: People believe that this new teaching method is more effective than the old one.

This new teaching method is believed to be more effective than the old one.

Question 4: He did not realize how difficult the task was until he was halfway through it.

Not until he was halfway through the task did he realize how difficult it was.

Question 5: It was wrong of you to leave the class without asking for your teacher's permission.

You should not have left the class without asking for your teacher's permission.

II. In about 140 words, write a paragraph about the benefits of reading books. Write your paragraph on your answer sheet.

The following prompts might be helpful to you.

- Widening knowledge
- Improving language
- Relaxing.

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